## Art and Design - Progression Pontesbury Primary School

Strand	EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Investigating and Exploring (In <u>sketchbooks</u> refer to: colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form, space) <u>http://learn.leighcotnoir.com/artspeak/art- vocabulary/</u>	<ul> <li>Use the senses to explore a range of materials and media.</li> <li>Use marks and pictures to express thoughts and feelings.</li> <li>Talk about the differences and similarities of the work of artists, craft makers and designers.</li> </ul>	-Talk about, describe and draw simple images and artefacts. -Use simple drawings and sketches to record ideas, thoughts and feelings. -Compare the differences and similarities between different practices and differences in the work of artists, craft makers and designers from different cultures and historic periods.	-Make drawings in a sketchbook of artefacts and images adding notes where appropriate. -Explore and respond to direct sensory experiences, memory and imagination. -Compare the differences and similarities between different practices and differences in the work of artists, craft makers and designers, from different cultures and historical periods, make links with own work.	-Make a range of drawings in a sketchbook to record observations in detail, adding notes where appropriate. -Explore and respond to direct sensory experiences, and to memory and imagination, natural and made environments. -Develop some understanding of how artists, designers and craft workers, from different cultures and historical periods, develop, express and represent their Ideas.	-Make drawings in a sketchbook and record observations of a range of artefacts and images studied annotating work and commenting on distinctive features. -Collect, examine, select and use resource materials to inform thinking and contribute to the development of ideas. -Show an understanding of how artists, designers and craft workers, from different cultures and historical periods, develop, express and represent thei ideas.	<ul> <li>Use a wide range of visual techniques and secondary sources of information to support the development of projects.</li> <li>Annotate ideas and images collected including visits to museums and galleries, explain how they will inform own ideas.</li> <li>-identify how artist, designers and craft workers, from different cultures and historical periods, develop, express and represent their ideas, and how they will use this in their own work.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Use and combine the visual elements (colour, tone, line, shape, form, texture, pattern) to record observations and to express and communicate ideas and feelings</li> <li>•Make informed and critical comments about own and other people's work, recording this in their sketchbooks.</li> <li>•Show critical appreciation of the work of local, national and international artists, designers and craft workers from different cultures and historical periods.</li> </ul>
Drawing Line, shape, space, texture	-Use the senses to explore a range of mark- making media, e.g. pencils, chalk, charcoal etc. -Make marks using a vide range of media, e.g. pencils, chalk, charcoal etc. -To use basic line drawing skills to draw their self-portrait and everyday objects and items.	-Talk about a range of mark-making media, e.g. pencits, challs, charcoal etc. -Use marks and pictures to describe thoughts and freelings. -To use basic sketching skills to draw buildings and landscapes.	-Taik about different drawing tools and techniques. -Use a wide range of different lines, (e.g. thin, bold, feint, way, broken etc.) for purpose. -Create simple drawings based on things observed in order to areate dations. -Use a veknichate to select and study shapes and images. -Add colour to drawings using different media, e.g. pencils, pens, pastels -Begin to blend colours from light to dark. -Draw simple plants/flowers and sea creatures.	<ul> <li>Talk about the visual and tactile qualities of drawing media.</li> <li>Begin to explore perspective by overlapping lines and shapes, and by blurring the edges or adding less detail to distant shapes.</li> <li>Use line drawings to show the size and relationship of objects in an image.</li> <li>Use a viewfinder to isolate and record parts of an image.</li> <li>Oraw the outline of animals, detailed buildings and human figures.</li> </ul>	-Use an increasing range of visual and tactile techniques for drawing. -Make a range of small studies in a sketchbook using a viewfinder to select parts of an arrangement, composition or landscape. -Draw a design using inspiration from research and their imagination. -Create a self-portrait using shading to create depth.	<ul> <li>Apply appropriate visual and tactile techniques to sult the intended purpose.</li> <li>Use a viewfinder to isolate areas of images including the foreground, background and focal point to study and copy.</li> <li>Make images appear further away by making them snailer and making parallel lines appear to converge as they get further away from the viewer.</li> <li>Create sketches and compositions including bold street art, portraits and buildings.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>-Use and combine a variety of drawing and graphic materials, tools and processes, working on a range of scales, e.g. pens, pencils, charcoal, pastels, inks, computer packages.</li> <li>-Use detailed observational sketches from lift and images to develop their own ideas in their sketchbooks.</li> <li>-Create a final composition drawing on their research, observation and imagination for animals, landscapes and human form.</li> </ul>
Painting Colour, line, texture	-Use the senses to explore a range of painting materials, e.g. thick, thin, ready mix, powder finger paints etc. -Use everyday objects to make marks in paint, e.g. cotton reels, sticks, wheels on cars etc. -Explore what happens when colours are mixed together.	-Talk about a range of painting materials, e.g. ready mix, powder, poster, water colours. - Use a different tool to make marks, e.g. brushes and rollers to learn which would be best to use. - Talk about what happens when colours are mixed together and how to make colours lighter and darker. - Use varying brushstrokes for effect.	-Use an increasing range of paints to create different textures. -Use an increasing range of painting tools and simple techniques-pointillism. -identify the primary colours needed to mix all secondary colours. -Experiment with the production of light and dark shades of colour.	-Select and use appropriate tools to apply paint and create pattern. -Combine paint and other materials effectively to create detail and texture. -Mix shades of primary and secondary colours. -Identify complementary and contrasting colours. -Use knowledge of colour families to create contrast. -Use varying shades of colour to create depth (light and shade).		-Select and apply a wide range of appropriate painting techniques, giving reasons for choices and working on a range of scales. -Use varying brushstrokes with meaning. -Select and mix colours with thought for purpose, e.g. primary, secondary, complimentary, contrasting. -Use paint to create depth and perspective in an composition using tone and shade, e.g. to show light that comes from a light source creating shadows etc.	
<b>3D Modelling</b> Form	-Use the senses to explore a range of modelling materials, e.g. salt dough, play dough, junk modelling materials etc. -Use everyday and natural objects to make marks in modelling materials e.g. cotton reels, sticks, wheels on cars etc.	-Talk about a range of modelling materials, e.g. salt dough, play dough, junk modelling material set. -Explore the use of a range of modelling materials. -Use items found in the natural world to create a 3D sculpture.	-Taik about and explore a range of modelling materials. -Shape and join paper måché to card to add detail and build facial features (form) to create a mask. -Recreate prints and patterns based on the surface of natural and man-made objects.	-Create a 3D model selecting and choosing appropriate materials. -Use Modrot to create Greek vases. -Recreate detailed prints, patterns and images based on the surface of natural and manmade objects.	-Create free-standing 3D models using suitable materials and tools. -Shape and form day to produce a sculpture of a Viking dragon boat head. -Join, combine and shape clay and use tools to create surface texture and impressions.	-Create increasingly complex 3D forms using paper. -Use a wide range of techniques to join and shape paper for purpose-lantern. -Experiment with a range and apply most suitable techniques to the surface of the 3D model, e.g. Printing, drawing, painting, rubbings to add detail.	<ul> <li>-Use a variety of tools and modelling techniques with increasing confidence to create a complex and detailed clay sculpture.</li> <li>-Manipulate and decorate clay using a variety of techniques, e.g. colling, modelling, carving impressing, use of glazes.</li> </ul>
<b>Printing</b> Pattern, line, shape, space	-Use the senses to explore a range of printing materials and tools, e.g. found objects, potato prints etcUse everyday objects to make marks. e.g. cotton reels, sticks, wheels on cars etcTalk about and recreate patterns in the environmentMake prints and patterns using everyday natural and man-made objectsCut a simple shape into card to create a stencil			-Create and use shapes and patterns in nature, the environment and different cultures and timesTalk about the ways in which patterns are made, e.g. overlapping of shapes, repeatsTalk about geometric, symmetrical and asymmetrical patternsCreate surface texture through use of colour and rubbingsUse string and glue to make a simple string printing block.		-Use and incorporate shapes and patterns in nature, the environment and different cultures and times. - Talk about and evaluate a wide range of complex patterns, e.g. the work of Morris. - Make a multi-layered block print. - Make a multi-coloured block print.	
Collage Pattern, shape, texture, space	-Use the sense to explore a range of materials to collage with, e.g. paper, card, polythene, fabric, things from the natural world (link to forest school) etc. -Uses glue to stick materials to a surface.	aterials to collage with, e.g. paper, card, alythen, fabric, things from the natural of (link to forest school) etc. -Use glue to secure materials into place with some intention.		-Select and choose materials with careful consideration to the final piece in terms of mood, texture, image and pattern. -Create work inspired by other cultures and times in history- Roamn mosaic. -Use cutting tools to alter size and shape of materials. -Consider spacing of materials and carefully and secure in place with clear intention.		-Select and modify materials with increasing confidence for purpose. -Include embellished material (e.g. drawing, painting, printing) to add colour, detail or texture that could not therwise have been found with original materials. -Use improved skills of overlapping/Jayering to place images in front (foreground) or behind (background) with intent to create depth. -Use the natural environment /local landscape as inspiration. -Study the work of collage artist Lyn Evans and take inspiration from her style.	
Digital Art	-Use iPad to photograph every day and natural objects. -Use software for simple drawing (Chrome Canvas)	-Use IPad to photograph every day and natural objects and begin to change and manipulate them. -Change the colour of pixels accurately to recreate basic artwork.	-Use IPad to photograph every day and natural objects with some thought to space and focal point (close – ups). -Use lines and fill tools to make interesting patterns. -Re-create graphics using pixels and colours.	<ul> <li>Use copy and paste, rotation, flip and zoom to create symmetrical reflective patterns.</li> <li>Use multiple layers and frames to create animated GIF.</li> </ul>	-Use IPad and Chromebooks to photograph themselves and others capturing desired perspective and mood. -Use digital 3D shapes and resize, adjust height, duplicate and use different in perspectives -Re-create different types of buildings using 3D shapes.	<ul> <li>-Use iPads and Chromebooks to photograph items, objects, building and landscapes with careful consideration to focal point and perspective.</li> <li>-Use software to manipulate images (colour, brightness, contrast, transparency, opacity and use of filters) for purpose.</li> </ul>	