

# My Shadow By Robert Louis Stevenson

Answer in full sentences.

1. Who is 'he' in the poem?

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2. What do we call the device we use to give human characteristics to something that isn't human?

a) simile

b) metaphor

c) personification

d) ellipsis

3. How many rhyming couplets are there in the poem?

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4. Use the text to help explain what a coward is.

\*Clue: What does the shadow do?

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5. Who does the narrator mean when using the word 'nursie'?

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6. Does the language in the poem tell us that this is an old or modern poem? Give one example to back up your answer.

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7. In the final verse, why had the shadow 'stayed at home'?

(a) His shadow went to bed late the night before.

(b) His shadow doesn't like buttercups.

(c) His shadow is too lazy to get up.

(d) The sun wasn't up so the narrator

wouldn't be able to see their shadow.

# My Shadow By Robert Louis Stevenson **Answers**

1. Who is 'he' in the poem?

'He' is the narrator's shadow.

2. What do we call the device we use to give human characteristics to something that isn't human?

(c) personification

3. How many rhyming couplets are there in the poem?

There are eight rhyming couplets in the poem.

4. Use the text to help explain what a coward is. \*Clue: What does the shadow do?

A coward is someone who lacks courage or is scared.

5. Who does the narrator mean when using the word 'nursie'?

The narrator means someone who takes care of a child, like a nanny or a babysitter.

6. Does the language in the poem tell us that this is an old or modern poem? Give one example to back up your answer.

Various answers which suggest that the language is old rather than modern, e.g. words such as notion, arrant, ought and nursie tell us that this poem is old as these words aren't used very much today.

7. In the final verse, why had the shadow 'stayed at home'?

(d) The sun wasn't up so the narrator wouldn't be able to see their shadow.

# My Shadow By Robert Louis Stevenson

1. Who is 'he' in the poem?

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2. What do we call the device we use to give human characteristics to something that isn't human? Can you find two examples of this in the poem?

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3. How many rhyming couplets are there in the poem?

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4. Why is the way the shadow grows 'not at all like proper children'?

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5. Use the text to help explain what a coward is. How do you know?

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6. Who does the boy mean when using the word 'nursie'?

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7. Does the language in the poem indicate that this is an old or modern poem? Give two examples to back up your answer.

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8. In the final verse, which line gives the scientific reason as to why the boy can't see his shadow when he goes outside? Explain your choice.

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# My Shadow By Robert Louis Stevenson **Answers**

1. Who is 'he' in the poem?

'He' is the narrator's shadow.

2. What do we call the device we use to give human characteristics to something that isn't human? Can you find two examples of this in the poem?

The device we use to give human characteristics to something that isn't human is called personification.

Answer may include: 'He is very, very like me from the heels up to the head;'

'And I see him jump before me...'

'The funniest thing about him is the way he likes to grow'

'For he sometimes shoots up taller...'

'And he sometimes gets so little that there's none of him at all'

'He hasn't got a notion of how children ought to play,'

'...can only make a fool of me...'

'He stays so close beside me, he's a coward you can see;'

'...like an arrant sleepy-head,'

'Had stayed at home behind me and was fast asleep in bed.'

3. How many rhyming couplets are there in the poem?

There are eight rhyming couplets in the poem.

4. Why is the way the shadow grows 'not at all like proper children'?

The way the shadow grows is not like proper children because proper children grow very slowly, whereas the shadow sometimes 'shoots up taller' or 'gets so little that there's none of him at all'. This is because when the sun is high in the sky, your shadow appears shorter and when the sun is low in the sky, your shadow is longer.

5. Use the text to help explain what a coward is. How do you know?

A coward is someone who lacks courage. We know this because the shadow stays close beside the child, who says they'd think "shame" to stick to their nurse (childminder or guardian) in the same way.

6. Who does the narrator mean when using the word 'nursie'?

The narrator means someone who takes care of a child, like a nanny or a babysitter.

# My Shadow By Robert Louis Stevenson **Answers**

7. Does the language in the poem indicate that this is an old or modern poem? Give two examples to back up your answer.

Various answers which suggest that the language is old rather than modern, e.g. words such as notion, arrant, ought and nursie indicate that the poem is old as these words aren't commonly used today.

8. In the final verse, which line gives the scientific reason as to why the narrator can't see their shadow when they go outside? Explain your choice.

'One morning, very early, before the sun was up,'

The narrator couldn't see their shadow because it was still dark, leading them to believe that the lazy shadow had stayed in bed.

# My Shadow By Robert Louis Stevenson

Answer in full sentences.

1. Who is 'he' in the poem?

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2. What do we call the device we use to give human characteristics to something that isn't human? Can you find three examples of this in the poem?

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3. How many rhyming couplets are there in the poem?

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4. How does the narrator describe how children grow?

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5. Why is the way the shadow grows 'not at all like proper children'?

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6. What do you think the word 'notion' means on line 9?

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7. Use the text to help explain what a coward is. How do you know?

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8. Who does the narrator mean when using the word 'nursie'?

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9. Does the language in the poem indicate that this is an old or modern poem? Give three examples to back up your answer.

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10. In the final verse, which line gives the scientific reason as to why the narrator can't see their shadow when they go outside? Explain your choice.

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# My Shadow By Robert Louis Stevenson **Answers**

1. Who is 'he' in the poem?

In the poem, 'he' is the child's shadow.

2. What do we call the device we use to give human characteristics to something that isn't human? Can you find three examples of this in the poem?

The device we use to give human characteristics to something that isn't human is called personification.

Answer may include: 'He is very, very like me from the heels up to the head;'

'And I see him jump before me...'

'The funniest thing about him is the way he likes to grow'

'For he sometimes shoots up taller...'

'And he sometimes gets so little that there's none of him at all'

'He hasn't got a notion of how children ought to play,'

'...can only make a fool of me...'

'He stays so close beside me, he's a coward you can see;'

'...like an arrant sleepy-head,'

'Had stayed at home behind me and was fast asleep in bed.'

3. How many rhyming couplets are there in the poem?

There are eight rhyming couplets in the poem.

4. How does the narrator describe how children grow?

The narrator describes children growing as 'always very slow'.

5. Why is the way the shadow grows 'not at all like proper children'?

The way the shadow grows is not like proper children because proper children grow very slowly, whereas the shadow sometimes 'shoots up taller' or 'gets so little that there's none of him at all'. This is because when the sun is high in the sky, your shadow appears shorter and when the sun is low in the sky, your shadow is longer.

6. What do you think the word 'notion' means on line 9?

Notion means 'clue' or 'idea'.



# My Shadow By Robert Louis Stevenson **Answers**

7. Use the text to help explain what a coward is. How do you know?

A coward is someone who lacks courage. We know this because the shadow stays close beside the child, who says they'd think "shame" to stick to their nurse (childminder or guardian) in the same way.

The narrator says, 'He stays so close beside me, he's a coward you can see;'. They think the shadow is scared and hiding behind them.

8. Who does the narrator mean when using the word 'nursie'?

When using the word 'nursie', the narrator is referring to someone who takes care of a child, like a nanny or a babysitter.

9. Does the language in the poem indicate that this is an old or modern poem? Give three examples to back up your answer.

Various answers which suggest that the language is old rather than modern, e.g. words such as notion, arrant, ought, india-rubber ball and nursie suggest the poem is old as these words aren't commonly used today.

10. In the final verse, which line gives the scientific reason as to why the narrator can't see their shadow when they go outside? Explain your choice.

'One morning, very early, before the sun was up,'

The narrator couldn't see their shadow because it was still dark, leading them to believe that the lazy shadow had stayed in bed.